

Salt Mining

Question 26: Salt is unusual because it

- a) comes from sea water.
- b) can be used for tanning.
- c) is one of the few minerals eaten by people.
- d) is found on Kangaroo Island.

Question 27: Salt produced on Kangaroo Island was

- a) mined as rock salt.
- b) acquired from underground brines.
- c) obtained by the solar evaporation of sea water.
- d) scraped from the bed of dry saltwater lakes.

Question 28: The early method of producing salt in South Australia by 'scraping' suggests that

- a) there was little knowledge of salt-mining techniques.
- b) Australia is surrounded by salt water.
- c) salt-mining regions in South Australia are dry.
- d) South Australia has more lakes than other states.

Question 29: Much of the salt produced in the 1800s was used

- a) for rum production.
- b) in food preservation.
- c) in seal hunting.
- d) as a treatment of wooden planks.

Question 30: According to the article, which place most recently commenced salt production?

- a) Port Price
- b) Port Augusta
- c) Yorkeys Crossing
- d) Port Paterson

Question 31: Which company stopped producing salt in 1966?

- a) Ocean Salt Company
- b) Crystal Salt Company
- c) the Wills Creek company
- d) Solar Salt Company